



Mountain View Automated Guideway Transit Feasibility Study

Community Meeting September 25, 2017

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 apex
STRATEGIES



Agenda

- Presentation
- Questions and Answers Session
- Moderated Discussion: Issues/ Trade-Offs

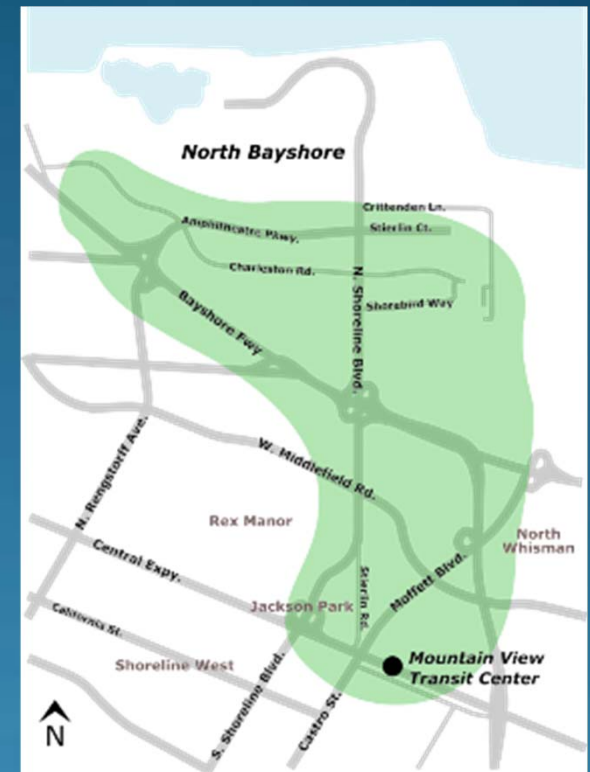


Purpose of Meeting

- Present Findings of Evaluation
 - Highlight key parameters of Evaluation Criteria
 - Educate on potential service levels and infrastructure tradeoffs
- Feedback
 - Community feedback from key issues/ trade-offs discussion

Introduction

- Purpose of Study
 - The Challenge
 - Employment and housing growth
 - Caltrain rider growth
 - Achieving city goals for mode shift
 - The Goal
 - Determine the feasibility, and impacts/benefits of Automated Guideway Transit (AGT)
 - How would AGT be integrated into community over time



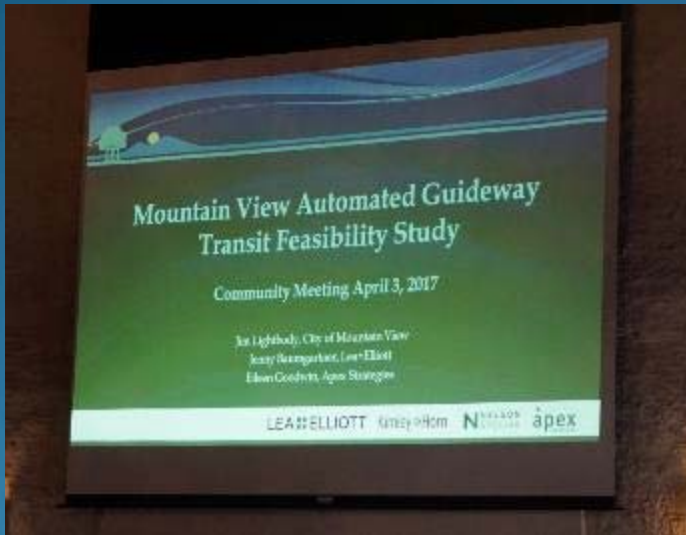


Issues/Trade-offs

- Passenger Experience
 - Vehicle size
 - Type and frequency of service
- Infrastructure
 - Community impacts
- Technology Maturity
 - Current cost and future evolution of technology
 - Expandability/Adaptability

Previous Outreach Meeting

- Purpose: Presented study and Automated Guideway Transit (AGT) types and engage community with respect to study objectives and AGT system characteristics





Previous Outreach Meeting

- Technology
 - Nothing intrusive
 - Frequent service and smaller vehicles especially in the residential areas
 - Land use consideration, concern about where the land will come from
- Priorities/Considerations
 - Weighing “fast service” versus “adaptable”
 - Need to prioritize
- Goals and Values
 - Adaptable, expandable to connect multiple points in Mountain View and beyond
 - Compatibility with multimodal transportation—i.e. bikes, personalized transportation
 - First and last mile connectivity is important

AGT Technologies



Source: Bombardier.com

Bombardier: APM - Phoenix Sky Harbor Singapore Cable Car (Sentosa, Singapore)



Source: Distributed under a CC-BY 4.0 license



Source: ultraglobalprt.com

Ultra Global: Heathrow PRT



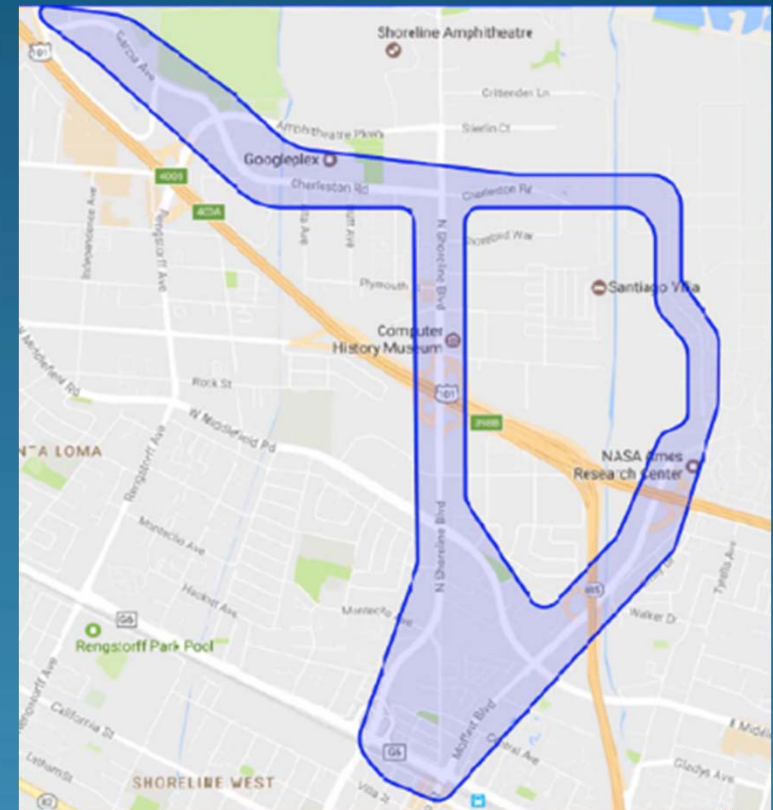
Source: Navya.tech

Navya: M City, University of Michigan

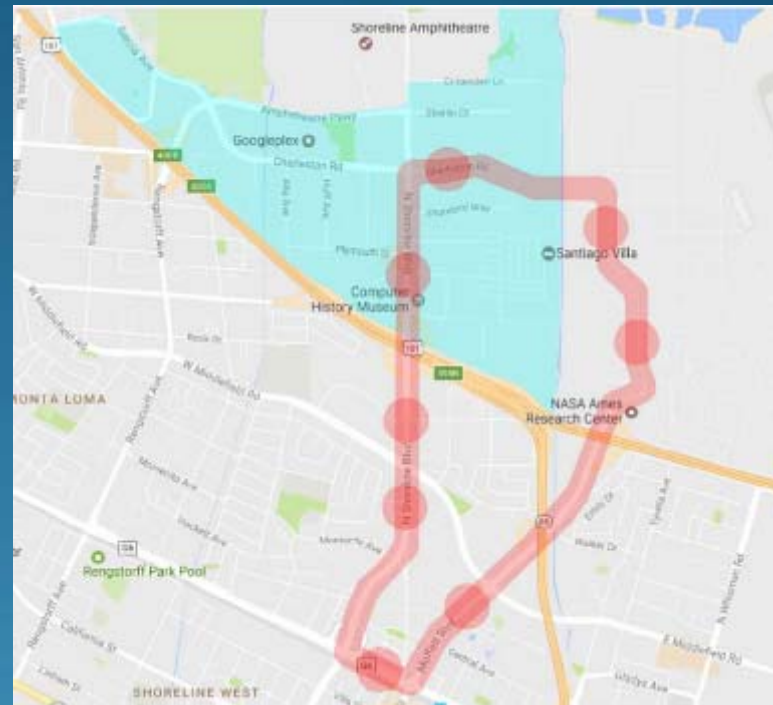
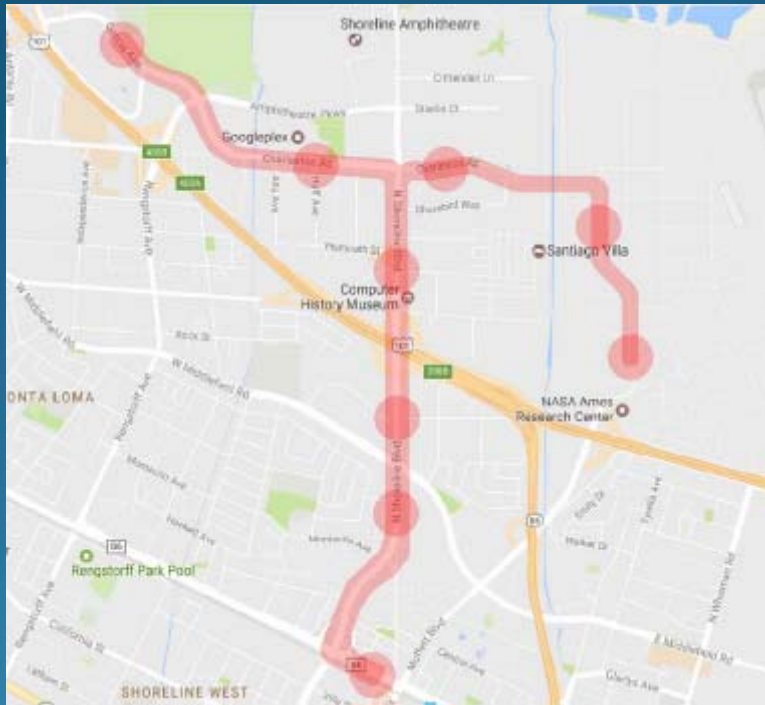
- Aerial Cable
- Automated People Mover (APM)
- Automated Transit Network (ATN)
 - Group Rapid Transit (GRT)
 - Personal Rapid Transit (PRT)
- Autonomous Transit (AV)

Candidate Corridors

- Connect key nodes
 - Downtown Transit Center
 - North Bayshore
 - Moffett Field and NASA
- Representative alignments
 - Potential service areas
 - Physical/environmental limitations



Representative Alignments





Evaluation Criteria

CATEGORY	CRITERIA	
Operations	1	Ability to serve market demand estimate
	2	Flexibility in service / responsiveness to daily demand
Financial and Economic	3	Financial feasibility
	4	Ability to add stations to serve existing or new developments
Neighborhood Connectivity and Impact	5	Ability to extend the system
	6	Possible impact on neighborhoods
Customer Experience	7	Provides convenient and high-level service
System Delivery	8	Integration into Transit Center
	9	Ability to fit within the local environment
	10	Adaptability of infrastructure
Technology Development	11	Level of technology maturity



Findings and Issues/Trade-offs

- Methodology
- Findings focus on 3 main areas of issues and trade-offs
 - Passenger Experience
 - Infrastructure
 - Technology Maturity
- Generate discussion and get feedback



Methodology





- Technology simulations to estimate operational characteristics
 - Inputs: Representative alignment, station locations, dwell times, vehicle/passenger comfort parameters, bikes on vehicles
- Demand: Peak loading at Transit Center (Caltrain and VTA LRT connecting to AGT)
 - Peak 10 min period: 330 passengers at Transit Center
 - Daily Ridership: 4,000 to 9,000 passengers



Passenger Experience

- Vehicle size: Small vs. Mid vs. Large Vehicles
- Smaller vehicles with higher frequency vs. Larger vehicles with lower frequency
- Flexible, more personalized point-to point service vs. higher capacity, typical transit service
- Sharing vehicles: Personal vs. Group
- Meeting needs of all riders: ability to accommodate bikes, ADA, etc.

Operational Information

	Aerial Cable 	APM 	ATN (PRT/ GRT) 	AV 
Vehicle Capacity (passengers)	14 – 32	80	3 / 21	10 – 20
Travel Time To N. Bayshore* (min)	11	7	6 / 7	6 – 7
Frequency To N. Bayshore*	30 sec – 1 min	4 min	10 sec / 45 sec	30 sec - 1 min
Operating Fleet	22 – 48	8 x 2-car trains	135 – 140 / 25 – 30	35 – 80
Ability to use same technology for North Bayshore network			✓	✓

*N. Bayshore – Shoreline/Charleston station
VALUES ARE HIGH-LEVEL ESTIMATES ONLY

Passenger Experience

- Meeting needs of all riders
 - Ability to accommodate bikes, ADA, etc.
- Evacuation: Emergency walkway availability



Source: liftblog



Source: OSU



Source: Traffic Technology Today



Infrastructure

- Privacy vs. Visual impacts
- Intermittent Towers/structures vs. Consistent Column/viaduct structure
- Reduced traffic congestion and traffic calming vs. Visual impacts of structures

Community Impact

- Noise
 - Aerial Cable: Continuous, regular sound
 - APM/ATN/AV: Intermittent as vehicle passes
- Visual
 - Aerial Cable: Intermittent Towers
 - APM/ATN/AV: Consistent Columns
- Privacy
 - Aerial Cable: Operation over private property
- Environmental



Community Impact

- Technologies incorporated into community
 - Potential to extend beyond the Transit Center to N. Bayshore connection
 - Infrastructure renderings:

Automated People Mover



Autonomous / Group Rapid Transit

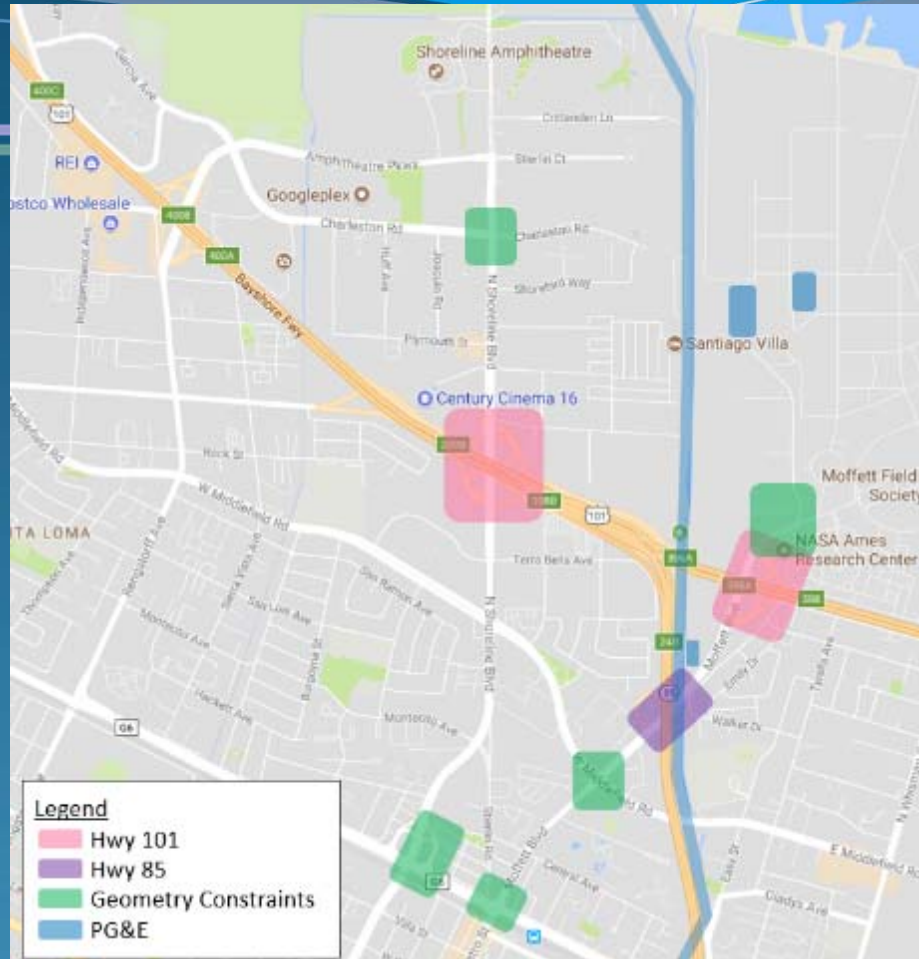


Aerial Cable Transit

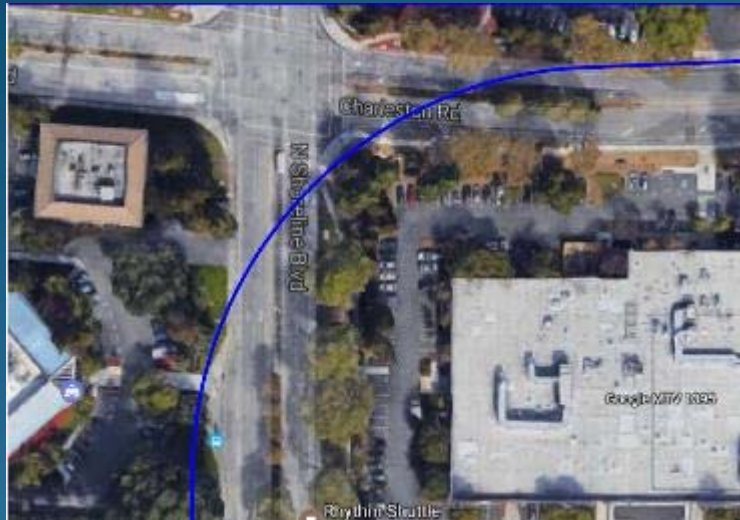


Source: Kimley-Horn

Corridor Challenges



Corridor Challenges



Example of an APM system making a 330 ft turn on Charleston Blvd and Shoreline Blvd



Example of an ATN system making a 100 ft turn on Charleston Blvd and Shoreline Blvd

Key Areas:





- 101 and 85
- Shoreline/
Central
Expy Way
- Geometry
Constraints
- PG&E



Technology Maturity

- Cost vs. Evolving Technology/Risk
- Install/build now (dedicated guideway) vs. Wait for Autonomous Transit technology to mature (allowing semi-exclusive or exclusive roadway lanes with crossings)

Preliminary Estimated Cost

	Aerial Cable 	APM 	ATN (GRT) 	AV 
Capital Cost (per mile)	\$35M - \$50M	\$130M - \$195M	\$85M - \$130M	\$85M - \$135M
O&M Cost (per year)	\$6M - \$8M	\$11M - \$17M	\$6M - \$8M	\$5M - \$8M

- Capital Cost Estimate
 - Systems: Vehicles, guidance, power, communications, train control, etc.
 - Facilities: Civil works for stations, guideway, maintenance facility
- O&M Cost Estimate
 - Annual cost to operate and maintain the system (staff, central control operators, parts and consumables, etc.)

* VALUES ARE IN 2017 USD



Expandability and Adaptability

- Extending System or Adding Midline Stations
 - Aerial Cable: Very difficult
 - APM, ATN, AV: Possible; pre-planning minimizes impact
- Adapting facilities for other technologies
 - Aerial Cable: Not possible
 - APM, ATN, AV:
 - Guideway structures: can be re-used for equal or smaller technologies
 - Stations: may need re-designing to meet operations of different technologies



Next Steps

- Council Study Session – October 17
- Finalize Evaluation and Study Results
- Report to Council in early 2018



Questions and Answers

- ?

- Issues/Trade-Offs
 - Passenger Experience
 - Vehicle size
 - Frequency of service
 - Infrastructure
 - Community impacts
 - Representative routes
 - Technology Maturity
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 - Expandability/Adaptability



Thank You!

- Website: <https://MountainViewAGTFeasibility.com>